On Levels in Arrangements of Curves, III:

Further Improvements

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- [FOCS'00] "On Levels in Arrangements of Curves"
- [FOCS'03] "On Levels in Arrangements of Curves, II"

- [SODA'05] "... of Surfaces in 3D"
- [SODA'08] "On the Bichromatic k-Set Problem"

The k-Set Problem

• Given n pts P in 2D & k, a k-set is a subset $P \cap h$ of size k for some halfplane h



How many k-sets possible (as fn of n)?

Equiv. Dual Problem: k-Level of Lines

- Given n lines in 2D & k,
 k-level := all pts that lie on 1 line & above k-1 other lines
 (k=2)
- How many vertices on k-level?

Known Upper Bds

- Lovász'71
- Gusfield'79
- Edelsbrunner, Welzl'85
- Pach, Steiger, Szemerédi'89
- Dey'97

 $O(n^{3/2})$ $O(n^{3/2})$ $O(n^{3/2})$ $O(n^{3/2} / \log^* n)$ $O(n^{4/3})$

(by counting crossings in a geometric graph in primal space)

Known Lower Bds

- Erdős,Lovász,Simmons,Straus'73
- Klawe, Paterson, Pippenger'82 (for k-level of pseudo-lines)
- Tóth'00

 $\Omega(n \log n)$ $n2^{\Omega(\sqrt{\log n})}$

$$n2^{\Omega(\sqrt{\log n})}$$

Conjecture by Erdős et al.'73:
 o(n^{1+ε}) ??

Going "Retro"

- Chan [FOCS'03]
 - a completely different pf of $O(n^{3/2})$

(by a simple inequality in dual space)

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- a new pf of O(n^{1.4999999999999999999999999999999)}

Going "Retro"

- Chan [FOCS'03]
 - a completely different pf of O(n^{3/2})
 (by a simple inequality in dual space)
- Today:
 - a new pf of $O(n^{3/2} \delta)$ for a concrete but small $\delta > 0$

(by refining the inequality)

Why Interesting, Despite of Dey?

- Because the inequality approach
 - is "completely different"
 - is the only approach known for k-level of general sintersecting curves [FOCS'03]
 - gives current best bds for k-level of specific curve families [FOCS'03] & for related problems (e.g., klevel of surfaces in 3D [SODA'05], "bichromatic" ksets in 2D & 3D [SODA'08])

The k-Level Problem for Curves

(k=2)

Given n x-monotone curves in 2D & k,
 k-level := all pts that lie on 1 curve & above k-1 other curves



How many vertices on k-level?

Known Upper Bds

- Pseudo-lines:
 Dey + Tamaki, Tokuyama'97 O(n^{4/3})
- Pseudo-parabolas: Tamaki, Tokuyama'95 **Dey'97** [FOCS'00] Agarwal, Nevo, Pach, Pinchasi, Sharir, Smorodinsky'02 [FOCS'03] Marcus, Tardos'04 Today

O(n^{23/12}) O(n^{17/9}) O(n^{16/9} log^{2/3} n)

O(n^{26/15} log^{2/3} n) O(n^{8/5}) O(n^{3/2} log² n) O(n^{3/2} log n)

Known Upper Bds (cont'd)

- Pseudo-segments:
 [FOCS'00]
 Conday
 O(n^{4/3} log^{2/3} n)
 O(n^{4/3} log^{1/3-δ} n)
- Degree-s polynomials: [FOCS'00] $O(n^{2 - O(1/2^{s})})$
- General s-intersecting curves/curve segments: [FOCS'03] $O(n^{2-1/(2s)})$ for s odd $O(n^{2-1/(2s-2)})$ for s 24 even

Today

O(n^{2 - 1/(2s-2)}) for s≥4 even O(n^{2 - 1/(2s) - δ}s) for s odd O(n^{2 - 1/(2s-2) - δ}s) for s≥4 even

The Inequality Approach [FOCS'03]: The (Pseudo-)Line Case

- Let t_i = # vertices at levels in interval (k-i,k+i)
- Let $\Delta t_i = t_{i+1} t_i$
- Obs: t_i < 2i ∆t_i
 Pf:
 - (k+i)-level 2i lines (k-i)-level

The Inequality Approach (cont'd)

• Solve
$$t_i \leq 2i(t_{i+1} - t_i)$$

 $\Rightarrow t_i \leq [2i/(2i+1)] t_{i+1}$
 $\Rightarrow t_1 \leq 2/3 \cdot 4/5 \cdot 6/7 \cdots [2n/(2n+1)] t_n$
 $\leq O(1/n^{1/2}) t_n$
 $= O(n^{3/2})$

 Rmk: O(n^{3/2} + B) for "almost" pseudo-lines/segments with B "bad" pairs

New Idea 1: Look for Slack

• Define helpers:



- Obs: $t_i \leq 2i \Delta t_i \Omega(\# \text{ helpers})$
- But how to find helpers?

New Idea 2: Look at Two Intervals



New Idea 3: Look at The "Side" Intervals



Obs: $t_{i'} - t_i \geq (i'-i)/2 (\Delta t_i + \Delta t_{i'})$ - O(# strong helpers in side intervals)

New Idea 4: Surprise!

Lemma: # helpers in the two intervals
 c · # strong helpers in side intervals



New Inequality

$$\begin{array}{rcl} t_i + t_{i'} & \leq & 2i \ \Delta t_i + 2i \ \Delta t_{i'} \\ & - c \left[(i' - i)/2 \left(\Delta t_i + \Delta t_{i'} \right) & - & (t_{i'} - t_i) \right] \end{array}$$

• Solve $\Rightarrow t_i \leq O(1/n^{1/2 + \delta}) t_n = O(n^{3/2 - \delta})$

Further Results/Open Questions

- Another, simpler way to refine the inequality for sintersecting curves for odd $s \ge 3$ (but not curve segments or even s)
- Original k-set problem: $O(n^{4/3} \delta)$??
- Another observation:
 - Better bds for const n \Rightarrow better asymptotic upper bds
- k-level of curves: better upper or lower bds ??